Governor



Director

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

3550 North Central Avenue, Second Floor PHOENIX, ARIZONA 85012-2105 (602) 771-8500

September 29, 2010

Via Certified Mail

7004 2510 0000 8660 0997

City of Phoenix David Cavazos City Manager 200 W Washington St 12th floor Phoenix, AZ 85003

> Re: Designation of Assured Water Supply (DWR No. 86-002030.0001) City of Phoenix

Dear Mr. Cavazos:

I am pleased to inform you that the Arizona Department of Water Resources has approved the Modification of the City of Phoenix's Designation of Assured Water Supply. We have enclosed the formal Decision and Order. The Decision and Order includes an itemization of the City of Phoenix's responsibilities in maintaining the Designation.

The City of Phoenix's status as a designated water provider demonstrates that the City of Phoenix is taking a long-term perspective in managing water resources. The City of Phoenix's commitment to sound water management represents a major contribution to the State's water management goal of achieving safe-yield in the Phoenix Active Management Area.

If you have any questions regarding these documents, please contact Scott Miller at (602) 771-8604.

Sincerely,

Sandra Fabritz Whitney

Assistant Director

cc: Via electronic mail:

Steve Rossi, City of Phoenix

Robin King, Arizona Department of Real Estate

J. Scott Miller, Manager, Groundwater Permitting and Wells

DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

BEFORE THE DIRECTOR

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF THE CITY OF PHOENIX FOR A DESIGNATION AS HAVING AN ASSURED WATER SUPPLY

AWS No. 2010-010

DECISION AND ORDER

No. 86-002030.0001

I. INTRODUCTION

On January 5, 2009, the Department of Water Resources ("Department") received an application from the City of Phoenix ("Phoenix") requesting that the Department modify Phoenix's designation of assured water supply pursuant to A.R.S. § 45-576 et seq. and A.A.C. R12-15-701 et seq. On July 15, 2010 and July 22, 2010, the Department gave public notice of the application pursuant to A.R.S. § 45-578. One objection to the application was filed with the Department.

After receiving Phoenix's application to modify its designation of assured water supply, the Department reviewed relevant information regarding the modification request, including: 1) hydrologic information and other information on file with the Department for the proposed groundwater supply, 2) information regarding Phoenix's consistency with the management plan and the management goal of the Phoenix Active Management Area ("Phoenix AMA"); 3) information regarding Phoenix's financial capability to construct the necessary delivery system, treatment works and storage facilities; and 4) the issues raised by the objection to the application. Based on that information, the Department makes the following Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order of Designation and Conditions of Designation:

II. FINDINGS OF FACT

. .

A. General

- 1. Phoenix is a city incorporated in accordance with Article XIII of the Arizona Constitution.
- 2. Phoenix has the legal authority to deliver water to its customers located within its service area.
- 3. Phoenix currently serves water through its municipal distribution system to its customers.
- 4. On December 31, 1997, Phoenix was designated as having an assured water supply in Decision and Order AWS 97-005, No. 26-002030.

B. Water Demands

- 5. Phoenix's current demand as of calendar year 2008 is 304,509 acre-feet per year ("current demand").
- 6. Phoenix's committed demand as of calendar year 2008 is 7,764 acre-feet per year ("committed demand").
- 7. Phoenix's projected demand in 2025 is 170,563 acre-feet per year ("2025 projected demand"). The 2025 projected demand does not include the current demand or the committed demand, but does include the demand at build-out of plats reasonably projected to be approved through calendar year 2025.
- 8. Phoenix's annual estimated water demand in 2025, which is the sum of its current demand, committed demand, and 2025 projected demand, is 482,836 acre-feet per year ("2025 annual estimated water demand").

C. Physical Availability of Groundwater and Stored Water Recovered Outside the Area of Impact

9. Phoenix has demonstrated that after withdrawing 4,194,096 acre-feet, or an average of 41,940.96 acre-feet per year over 100 years, of groundwater and stored water recovered outside the area of impact (see Finding of Fact No. 24), the depth-to-static water level

within Phoenix's service area is not expected to exceed 1,000 feet below land surface. For purposes of this Decision and Order, that volume includes the following:

- a. 180,988.63 acre-feet, or an average of 1,809.89 acre-feet per year over 100 years, of existing long-term storage credits to be recovered outside the area of impact. See Finding of Fact No. 26.
- b. 72,483 acre-feet, or an average of 724.83 acre-feet per year over 100 years, of groundwater that Phoenix may use to supplement its surface water supplies, pursuant to A.A.C. R12-15-717(C)(3). See Finding of Fact No. 39.
- c. 24,424 acre-feet, or an average of 244.24 acre-feet per year over 100 years, of groundwater that Phoenix may use to supplement its CAP water supplies, pursuant to A.A.C. R12-15-717(D)(2). See Finding of Fact No. 65.
- d. 201,700 acre-feet, or an average of 2,017 acre-feet per year over 100 years, of water that Phoenix may store and recover outside the area of impact to supplement its CAP water supplies during shortages, pursuant to A.A.C. R12-15-717(D)(2). See Finding of Fact No. 67.
- e. 15,000 acre-feet, or an average of 150 acre-feet per year over 100 years, of groundwater that Phoenix may use to supplement its GRIC leased CAP water in calendar year 2109, pursuant to A.A.C. R12-15-718(M)(2). See Finding of Fact No. 63.
- f. 3,699,500 acre-feet, or an average of 36,995 acre-feet per year over 100 years, of groundwater to meet annual demands. See Finding of Fact No. 17.

D. Groundwater

- 10. Phoenix has demonstrated that it has wells of sufficient capacity to withdraw at least 130,000 acre-feet per year of groundwater for 100 years.
- 11. Phoenix has the right to withdraw and deliver groundwater to its customers pursuant to service area right No. 56-002030.
- 12. As of the date of this Decision and Order, Phoenix's current groundwater allowance is 1,950,942 acre-feet, or an average of 19,509.42 acre-feet per year over 100 years, pursuant to A.A.C. R12-15-724(A)(2).

- 13. Pursuant to A.A.C. R12-15-724(A)(4), the Director shall add a volume for incidental recharge to Phoenix's groundwater allowance for each calendar year, based upon its total water use from any source in the previous calendar year.
- 14. Based on its reported water use within its service area for calendar year 2008, Phoenix's incidental recharge volume for calendar year 2009 is 13,093.92 acre-feet.
- 15. If Phoenix delivers 470,532 acre-feet per year of water for use within its service area in calendar year 2024, its incidental recharge volume for calendar year 2025 will be 20,232.88 acre-feet ("2025 incidental recharge volume").
- 16. The sum of Phoenix's current groundwater allowance and 2025 incidental recharge volume is 39,742.30 acre-feet per year. This volume of groundwater will be consistent with the management goal each year for 100 years and exceeds the sum of the volumes described in Findings of Fact Nos. 17 and 18.
- 17. Phoenix has demonstrated that an average of 36,995 acre-feet per year of groundwater to meet annual demands will be physically, continuously and legally available for 100 years and consistent with the management goal of the Phoenix AMA.
- 18. In addition to the groundwater supplies described in Finding of Fact No. 17, Phoenix has demonstrated that 15,000 acre-feet, or an average of 150 acre-feet per year over 100 years, of groundwater that Phoenix may use to supplement its GRIC leased CAP water in calendar year 2109, pursuant to A.A.C. R12-15-718(M)(2), will be physically, continuously and legally available and consistent with the management goal.
- 19. In addition to the groundwater supplies described in Findings of Fact Nos. 17 and 18, Phoenix has demonstrated that the following volumes of groundwater will be physically, continuously and legally available:
 - a. 72,483 acre-feet, or an average of 724.83 acre-feet per year over 100 years, of groundwater that Phoenix may use to supplement its surface water supplies, pursuant to A.A.C. R12-15-717(C)(3). See Finding of Fact No. 39.
 - b. 24,424 acre-feet, or an average of 244.24 acre-feet per year over 100 years, of groundwater that Phoenix may use to supplement its CAP water supplies, pursuant to A.A.C. R12-15-717(D)(2). See Finding of Fact No. 65.

E. Storage and Recovery

- 20. Phoenix holds Water Storage Permit No. 73-516371.0601, which allows storage of a maximum volume of 80,000 acre-feet per year of Central Arizona Project ("CAP") water and 40,350 acre-feet per year of Additional Active Conservation Capacity ("AACC") surface water (see Findings of Fact Nos. 30-32) at Granite Reef Underground Storage Project ("GRUSP").
- 21. According to an agreement between Phoenix, the Town of Gilbert, the City of Mesa, the City of Chandler, the City of Scottsdale, the City of Tempe, and the Salt River Valley Water Users' Association and Salt River Project Agricultural Improvement and Power District ("SRP"), Phoenix is entitled to store a maximum volume of 26,880 acre-feet per year of CAP water and AACC surface water at GRUSP.
- 22. Phoenix holds Water Storage Permit No. 73-591936.0000, which allows storage of up to 1,935 acre-feet per year of CAP water and Salt and Verde River water at Tramonto Recharge Facility.
- 23. Phoenix holds Water Storage Permit No. 73-595199.0000, which allows storage of a maximum volume of 8,961 acre-feet per year of effluent at the City of Phoenix Cave Creek Recharge Facility.
- 24. Phoenix holds Water Storage Permit No. 73-595208.0000, which allows storage of a maximum volume of 1,742 acre-feet per year of CAP water at the City of Phoenix North Gateway Facility.
- 25. Phoenix holds Recovery Well Permit Nos. 74-584460.0001 and 74-205389, which allow recovery of a total of 24,046 acre-feet per year outside the area of impact of storage.

F. Long-Term Storage Credits

- 26. As of December 31, 2008, Phoenix holds 180,988.63 acre-feet of long-term storage credits.
- 27. Phoenix has demonstrated that up to 180,988.63 acre-feet of long-term storage credits, or an average of 1,809.89 acre-feet per year of long-term storage credits to be recovered outside the area of impact are physically, continuously and legally available for 100 years, for purposes of this Decision and Order.

G. Treatment Facilities for Surface Water Including CAP Water

- 28. Phoenix currently has sufficient treatment capacity to treat up to a total of 795,300 acrefeet per year of surface water, including CAP water, from the following treatment facilities:
 - a. Phoenix's Verde Water Treatment Facility currently has the capacity to treat up to 56,007 acre-feet per year of surface water.
 - b. Phoenix's Val Vista Water Treatment Facility currently has the capacity to treat up to 145,618 acre-feet per year of surface water.
 - c. Phoenix's Deer Valley Water Treatment Facility currently has the capacity to treat up to 168,021 acre-feet per year of surface water.
 - d. Phoenix's 24th Street Water Treatment Facility currently has the capacity to treat up to 156,820 acre-feet per year of surface water.
 - e. Phoenix's Union Hills Water Treatment Facility currently has the capacity to treat up to 179,223 acre-feet per year of surface water.
 - f. Phoenix's Lake Pleasant Water Treatment Facility currently has the capacity to treat up to 89,611 acre-feet per year of surface water.

H. Surface Water (Not Including CAP Water): Physical, Continuous and Legal Availability

i. SRP Water

- 29. Pursuant to the Kent Decree, Hurley v. Abbott ("Kent Decree"), Arizona Territorial Court, No. 4564 (Mar.1, 1910), Phoenix is entitled to surface water from the Salt River Project ("SRP water").
- 30. Based on the November 10, 2008 Assured Water Supply Study for Salt River Project Member Lands ("2008 SRP Study"), approximately 219,647 acre-feet per year of SRP water will be physically and continuously available to Phoenix for 100 years.

ii. AACC Surface Water

31. On April 15, 1986, Phoenix entered into a cost-sharing agreement with the United States and other Arizona entities, in which Phoenix made a financial contribution for development of AACC at Modified Roosevelt Dam, in exchange for entitlement to use a portion of the surface water in the AACC ("AACC surface water").

32. In a Decision and Order dated April 10, 1996, the Director granted Phoenix a permit to appropriate "the lesser of 205,750 acre feet per year, or its share of the maximum amount of water that is captured in the Additional Active Conservation Capacity in any water year."

33. In the April 10, 1996 Decision and Order, the Director found that "[t]he average annual yield of the AACC is estimated to be 73,800 acre feet." Based on its financial contribution, Phoenix's share of 73,800 acre-feet is 32,300 acre-feet per year.

iii. Phoenix Gatewater

- 34. In 1948, Phoenix entered into a contract with the Federal Government and SRP that allows Phoenix access to a volume of surface water ("Phoenix Gatewater") in exchange for funding the construction of spillway gates at Horseshoe Dam. A contract provision allows Phoenix to accumulate up to 150,000 acre-feet at the Dam at any one time.
- 35. The 2008 SRP Study projects that future accumulation of Phoenix Gatewater based on the full period of record for reservoir inflows will allow Phoenix to take delivery of approximately 25,000 acre-feet per year.

iv. Water to Serve P-H Lands

- 36. In 2003, Phoenix entered into an agreement with SRP to deliver water that SRP is obligated to serve to landowners within the Peninsula, Horowitz and Champion ditches lands ("P-H lands") according to a 1930 agreement between the landowners and SRP. Pursuant to the 2003 agreement, SRP is obligated to deliver to Phoenix water treatment plants the amount of water required to serve P-H lands.
- 37. Phoenix states in its application that approximately 1,000 acre-feet per year will be required to serve P-H lands throughout the term of this Designation.

v. Continuous Availability of Surface Water

- 38. The 2008 SRP Study incorporates storage of surface water in SRP reservoirs in its assessment of the availability of surface water within its system.
- 39. The 2008 SRP Study also states that SRP may provide alternative supplies, including groundwater and surface water supplies not included in the analysis "[d]uring periods of below average inflow when reservoir storage is low."
- 40. The volume of groundwater described in Finding of Fact No. 9 includes 72,483 acrefeet, or an average of 724.83 acrefeet per year over 100 years, of groundwater that

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Phoenix may use to supplement its surface water supplies in times of shortage, pursuant to A.A.C. R12-15-717(C)(3).

vi. Summary

41. Phoenix has demonstrated that 277,947 acre-feet per year of surface water to be treated and delivered, without storage, is physically, continuously and legally available for 100 years. This volume includes 219,647 acre-feet per year of SRP water, 32,300 acre-feet per year of AACC surface water, 25,000 acre-feet per year of Phoenix Gatewater, and 1,000 acre-feet per year of surface water to serve P-H lands.

I. CAP Water: Physical, Continuous and Legal Availability

i. Phoenix M&I CAP Water Allocation

42. Phoenix holds a long-term, non-declining municipal and industrial ("M&I") subcontract for CAP water with the Central Arizona Water Conservation District for 122,120 acrefeet per year.

ii. Hohokam CAP Water

- 43. Phoenix was allocated a volume of 36,144 acre-feet per year of CAP water that was originally allocated to the Hohokam Irrigation District ("Hohokam CAP water").
- 44. The Hohokam CAP water has a priority equivalent to non-Indian agricultural priority through 2043. In 2044, this volume of water will convert to long-term, non-declining M&I priority.
- 45. The Department calculated the likelihood of shortages of Colorado River water, the likely volumes of such shortages, and the likely impact to allocations subject to such shortages over the 100-year period. The Department determined that Phoenix's Hohokam CAP water will be subject to an average shortage of 1,775 acre-feet per year over 100 years.
- 46. Based on the Department's calculations regarding the likelihood of shortages of Colorado River water, the volumes of such shortages, and the impact to allocations subject to such shortages over the 100-year period, and taking into account Phoenix's ability to store and recover CAP water, the Department has determined that an annual volume of 34,369 acre-feet per year of Hohokam CAP water will be physically, continuously and legally available to Phoenix for 100 years.

iii. RWCD CAP Water

- 47. As part of the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community Water Rights Settlement ("SRP-MIC Settlement"), Phoenix was allocated a volume of 1,136 acre-feet per year of CAP water that had been originally allocated to the Roosevelt Water Conservation District ("RWCD CAP water").
- 48. The RWCD CAP water has a priority equivalent to non-Indian agricultural priority.
- 49. The Department calculated the likelihood of shortages of Colorado River water, the likely volumes of such shortages, and the likely impact to allocations subject to such shortages over the 100-year period. The Department determined that Phoenix's RWCD CAP water will be subject to an average shortage of 242 acre-feet per year over 100 years.
- Based on the Department's calculations regarding the likelihood of shortages of Colorado River water supplies, the volumes of such shortages, and the impact to allocations subject to such shortages over the 100-year period, and taking into account Phoenix's ability to store and recover CAP water, the Department has determined that an annual volume of 894 acre-feet per year of RWCD CAP water will be physically, continuously and legally available to Phoenix for 100 years.

iv. WMIDD CAP Water

- Pursuant to the SRP-MIC Settlement, Phoenix was also allocated a volume of 5,000 acre-feet per year of CAP water that had originally been part of the Wellton-Mohawk Irrigation and Drainage District's Colorado River entitlement ("WMIDD CAP water").
- 52. The WMIDD CAP water has retained its third priority status.

v. SRP-MIC Leased CAP Water

- As part of the SRP-MIC Settlement, Phoenix also holds a lease with the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community ("SRP-MIC") for 3,023 acre-feet per year of CAP water ("SRP-MIC leased CAP water").
- 54. The SRP-MIC leased CAP water has a CAP M&I priority.
- 55. Phoenix's lease with SRP-MIC will expire in calendar year 2098.
- 56. The Director previously determined that 3,023 acre-feet per year of SRP-MIC leased CAP water was legally available to Phoenix for 100 years in Decision and Order AWS 97-005, No. 26-002030.0000.

1 vi. **FMIC Leased CAP Water** As part of the Fort McDowell Indian Community ("FMIC") Water Rights Settlement, 57. 2 Phoenix holds a lease with the FMIC for 4,300 acre feet per year of CAP water ("FMIC 3 leased CAP water"). 4 58. The FMIC leased CAP water has a CAP M&I priority. 5 59. Phoenix's lease with FMIC will expire in calendar year 2100. 6 The Director previously determined that 4,300 acre-feet per year of FMIC leased CAP 60. water was legally available to Phoenix for 100 years in Decision and Order AWS 97-7 005, No. 26-002030.0000. 8 vii. **GRIC Leased CAP Water** 9 As part of the Gila River Indian Community ("GRIC") Water Rights Settlement, 61. 10 Phoenix holds a lease with the GRIC for 15,000 acre-feet per year of CAP water 11 ("GRIC leased CAP water"). 12 62. Phoenix's lease with GRIC will expire in calendar year 2108. 63. The GRIC CAP water has a CAP M&I priority. 13 64. Phoenix has demonstrated that in calendar year 2109, 15,000 acre-feet of groundwater 14 will be physically, continuously and legally available and consistent with the 15 management goal of the Phoenix AMA, for purposes of A.A.C. R12-15-718(M)(2). See 16 Findings of Fact Nos. 9-11 and 16-18. 17 viii. Legal Availability of Indian Leases for 100 Years For purposes of A.A.C. R12-15-718(N)(2)(a), the volume of water obtained through all 65. 18 Indian Leases, 22,323 acre-feet per year, constitutes less than 15% of the total water 19 supplies that Phoenix has demonstrated to be physically, continuously and legally 20 available in any year. 21 Continuous Availability of CAP Water ix. 22 66. The volume of groundwater and stored water to be recovered outside the area of impact 23 of storage described in Finding of Fact No. 9 includes 24,424 acre-feet, or an average of 244.24 acre-feet per year over 100 years, of groundwater that Phoenix may use to 24

Based on the Department's calculations of the likelihood of shortages of Colorado River water, the likely volumes of such shortages, and the likely impact to allocations subject

supplement its CAP water supplies, pursuant to A.A.C. R12-15-717(D)(2).

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to such shortages over the 100-year period, the Department determined that Phoenix's Hohokam CAP water and RWCD CAP water will be subject to a total average shortage of 2,017 acre-feet per year over 100 years.

68. The volume of groundwater and stored water to be recovered outside the area of impact of storage described in Finding of Fact No. 9 includes 201,700 acre-feet, or an average of 2,017 acre-feet per year over 100 years of water to be stored and recovered outside the area of impact to supplement its CAP water supplies during shortages, pursuant to A.A.C. R12-15-717(D)(2).

x. Summary

69. Phoenix has demonstrated that 184,706 acre-feet per year of CAP water is physically, continuously and legally available for 100 years. This volume includes 122,120 acrefeet per year of Phoenix's CAP M&I allocation, 34,369 acre-feet per year of Hohokam CAP water, 894 acre-feet per year of RWCD CAP water, 5,000 acre-feet per year of WMIDD CAP water, 3,023 acre-feet per year of SRP-MIC leased CAP water, 4,300 acre-feet per year of FMIC leased CAP water, and 15,000 acre-feet per year of GRIC leased CAP water.

J. Effluent: Physical, Continuous and Legal Availability

- 70. Phoenix's existing wastewater treatment facilities currently have the capacity to treat up to 308,158 acre-feet per year of effluent for non-potable uses at the following facilities:
 - a. 91st Avenue Waste Water Treatment Plant currently has the capacity to treat up to 228,789 acre-feet per year of effluent.
 - b. 23rd Avenue Waste Water Treatment Plant currently has the capacity to treat uo to 70,569 acre-feet per year of effluent.
 - c. Cave Creek Waste Water Treatment Plant currently has the capacity to treat up to 8,800 acre feet per year of effluent.
- 71. Based on an evaluation of the current, metered production of effluent, in 2025, Phoenix is projected to produce up to 258,724 acre-feet per year of effluent.
- 72. Phoenix has demonstrated the demand to directly deliver effluent in the amount of 8,800 acre feet per year from their wastewater treatment facilities.
- 73. Though not included in the volume available to Phoenix under this Decision and Order

an exchange agreement between SRP, the Roosevelt Irrigation District ("RID"), SRP-MIC and Phoenix allows Phoenix to receive 20,000 acre-feet per year of surface water at its water treatment plants in exchange for effluent directly delivered for farming purposes within RID. After 2030, when the volume available through this exchange will begin to diminish due to reduced agricultural demand, Phoenix expects to identify a replacement means to utilize the available effluent in its service area.

K. Consistency with the Management Plan

74. Phoenix is currently regulated as a large municipal provider under the Municipal Conservation Program in the Third Management Plan for the Phoenix AMA ("Management Plan"). As of the date the application was filed, Phoenix has not been found to be out of compliance with the Management Plan.

L. Water Quality

75. Phoenix is regulated by the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality as a public water system pursuant to A.R.S. § 49-351, et seq.

M. Financial Capability

76. Phoenix has constructed the delivery system and storage facilities necessary to satisfy its 2025 annual estimated water demand.

III. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Having reviewed the Findings of Fact, the Department makes the following Conclusions of Law:

1. For purposes of this Decision and Order, Phoenix has demonstrated that 36,995 acrefeet per year of groundwater, 1,809.89 acre-feet per year of long-term storage credits to be recovered outside the area of impact, 277,947 acre-feet per year of surface water to be treated and delivered without storage, 184,706 acre-feet per year of CAP water to be treated and delivered without storage, and 8,800 acre-feet per year of effluent to be delivered directly for non-potable uses, will be physically, continuously and legally

available for at least 100 years and will be consistent with the management goal. A.A.C. R12-15-716, R12-15-717, R12-15-718, R12-15-722. The sum of these volumes, 510,257.89 acre-feet per year, exceeds the 2025 annual estimated water demand of 482,836 acre-feet per year. *See* Attachment A to this Decision and Order.

- 2. Phoenix has also demonstrated that 15,000 acre-feet, or an average of 150 acre-feet per year over 100 years, of groundwater to supplement its GRIC leased CAP water, pursuant to A.A.C. R12-15-718(M)(2), will be physically, continuously and legally available and consistent with the management goal. See Attachment A to this Decision and Order.
- 3. In order to supplement the supplies identified in Conclusion of Law No. 1, Phoenix has also demonstrated that the following volumes of water will be physically, continuously and legally available:
 - a. 72,483 acre-feet, or an average of 724.83 acre-feet per year over 100 years, of groundwater to supplement its surface water supplies. A.A.C. R12-15-717(C)(3).
 - b. 24,424 acre-feet, or an average of 244.24 acre-feet per year over 100 years, of groundwater to supplement its CAP water supplies. A.A.C. R12-15-717(D)(2).
 - c. 201,700 acre-feet, or an average of 2,017 acre-feet per year over 100 years, of water to be stored and recovered outside the area of impact to supplement its Hohokam CAP water and RWCD CAP water supplies. A.A.C. R12-15-717(D)(2).

See Attachment A to this Decision and Order.

- 4. For purposes of A.A.C. R12-15-716(B)(3)(c)(ii), the volume of Phoenix's 2025 annual estimated water demand that will be met with groundwater and stored water recovered outside the area of impact is 4,194,096 acre-feet, or an average of 41,940.96 acre-feet per year over 100 years. See Attachment A to this Decision and Order.
- 5. In accordance with A.A.C. R12-15-722, Phoenix has demonstrated that its projected use of groundwater is consistent with the management goal of the Phoenix AMA.
- 6. The water supply served by Phoenix will be of adequate quality pursuant to A.A.C. R12-15-719.

- 7. In accordance with A.A.C. R12-15-721, Phoenix meets the standard established for determining consistency with the Management Plan for the Phoenix AMA.
- 8. Phoenix has satisfied the financial capability criteria prescribed in A.A.C. R12-15-720.
- 9. Phoenix has satisfied all the requirements for a designation of an assured water supply.

IV. ORDER OF DESIGNATION AND CONDITIONS OF DESIGNATION

Having reviewed the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, the Department hereby issues this Decision and Order designating Phoenix as having an assured water supply, subject to the following conditions:

- 1. The Director's determination that an assured water supply exists for Phoenix is based on its analysis of the water supplies pledged by Phoenix. Nothing in this Decision and Order limits or reduces Phoenix's legal authority to use any water supply in any year.
- 2. This document is not intended to identify every legal basis for each water source; rather, it is a brief summary of the legal basis that satisfies the assured water supply requirements for legal availability.
- 3. The Director reserves the right under A.A.C. R12-15-711(C) to periodically review and modify the designation for good cause as conditions warrant.
- 4. Pursuant to A.A.C. R12-15-711(F), the Director may, at any time revoke this designation if the findings of fact or the conclusions of law upon which the designation is based change or are invalid, or if an assured water supply no longer exists.
- 5. Phoenix shall submit an application to modify this decision and order designating Phoenix as having an assured water supply to increase the term of the designation when the sum of Phoenix current demand, committed demand and two years of projected demand exceeds 482,836 acre-feet per year, or by December 31, 2023, whichever is earlier.
- 6. Pursuant to A.A.C. R12-15-719, Phoenix shall satisfy any state water quality requirements established for its proposed use after the date of this designation.
- 7. Phoenix shall annually provide to the Department the following information for the previous calendar year in the manner prescribed in A.A.C. R12-15-711(A):

1	A copy of the foregoing	
2	Decision and Order mailed by certified mail this 29HH day	
3	of SEPENBER, 2010, to:	
4	City of Phoenix David Cavazos	Certified Mail No.:
5	City Manager	704 2570 0000 81000 0997 Sent by: MICHELLE MORENO
6	200 W Washington St 12 th floor Phoenix, AZ 85003	Sent by: MICHELE VICENO
7	A copy of the foregoing sent by	
8	electronic mail this 2911 day of SEPTEMBER, 2010, to:	
9	City of Phoenix	
10	Steve Rossi	
11	200 W Washington St 9 th Floor Phoenix, AZ 85003	
12	Robin King	
13	Arizona Department of Real Estate 2910 N. 44th Street	
14	Phoenix, AZ 85018	
15	J. Scott Miller	
16	ADWR 3550 North Central Avenue	
17	Phoenix, AZ 85012	
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Source	Approved (af/vr)	Capacity	Legal Authority Comments	Comments
Total Groundwater to Meet Annual Demands	36,995	Physical availability of groundwater and stored water recovered outside the area of impact (AOI) = 41,940.96 af/yr Groundwater Well Capacity = 130,000 af/yr	Service Area Right No. 56-002030.0000 Groundwater allowance: A.A.C. R12-15-724(A)(2): 2008 Groundwater Allowance 19,509.42 Incidental Recharge: A.A.C. R12-15-724(A)(4): 2024 water use times IR factor of 4.30% (470,532 x 0.0430 = 20,232.88) Total Groundwater Allowance for 2020: 39,742.30	Total Groundwater to meet annual demands include: 41,940.96 physically available • minus 1,809.89 af/yr of long-term storage credits to be recovered outside the area of impact ("AOI") • minus 724.83 af/yr of groundwater to supplement surface water supplies • minus 244.24 af/yr of groundwater to supplement CAP water supplies • minus 150 af/yr of groundwater to supplement GRIC leased CAP water • minus 2,017 af/yr of stored water to be recovered outside AOI to supplement Hohokam CAP water and RWCD CAP water
Total Existing Long Term Storage Credits	1,809.89	Recovery Well Permit Nos: 74-584460.0001 (18,222 af/yr), 74-205389 (5,824 af/yr), Recovery Well Capacity =24,046 af/yr Recharge Storage Permit Capacity = 132,988 af/yr Physical availability of groundwater + stored water recovered outside AOI = 40,971.88 af/yr	Long Term Storage Account No: 70- 441133 Underground Storage Facility Nos: 71-591936 (1,935 af/yr CAP) 71-595199.0002 (8,961 af/yr effluent) 71-595208 (1,742 af/yr CAP); Water Storage Permit Nos: 73-516371.0601, 73-572386.0001, 73-591936, 73-595199,73-595208	2008 balance of 180,988.63 af divided by 100 years.

Source	Approved (af/yr)	Capacity	Legal Authority	Comments
SRP water	219,647	2008 total Surface Water Treatment Capacity =795,300 af/yr		2008 SRP Study demonstrates physical availability.
AACC surface water	32,300			Director previously determined average yield of 73,800 af/yr. Phoenix's allocation is 32,300 af/yr.
Phoenix Gateway surface water	25,000			2008 SRP Study projects future credits based on the full period of record for reservoir inflows will average approx. 25,000 af/yr
PH Water	1,000			Pursuant to the July 28, 2003 agreement between the City of Phoenix and SRP. Included in 2008 SRP Study
Supplemental Groundwater	724.83			Water supplies include 72,483 acre-feet, or an average of 724.83 afyr over 100 years, of groundwater to supplement surface water supplies during shortages.
Total Surface Water	277,947			Ö
CAP water – M&I subcontract	122,120	2008 total Surface Water Treatment Capacity =795,300 af/yr	M&I Subcontract No: 07-XX-30-W0507	M&I Subcontract
Hohokam CAP water	34,369		Assignment of Hohokam IDD Subcontract 12/21/1993	NIA Priority through 2043; converts to M&I priority in 2044. Department's calculations of shortage probability using Reclamation model project average shortage of 1,775 af/yr over 100 years.

Cource	Ammorrod	Consoiter		Annual Consoit.
	(af/yr)	Capacity	Legal Authorney	Comments
RWCD CAP water	894		SRPMIC Water Rights Settlement Act of 1988	NIA Priority Department's calculations of shortage probability using Reclamation model project average shortage of 244 af/yr over 100 years.
WMIDD CAP water	5,000		Ak-Chin Indian Water Rights Settlement Act of 1984	Third Priority
SRP-MIC Leased CAP water	3,023		SRP-MIC Water Rights Settlement Act of 1988	Indian Priority
FMIC Leased CAP Water	4,300		FMIC Water Rights Settlement Act of 1990	Indian Priority
GRIC Leased CAP Water	15,000		GRIC Water Rights Settlement Act of 2004	CAP M&I Priority
Supplemental Groundwater – GRIC Leased CAP Water	150			Water supplies include 15,000 acre-feet, or an average of 150 af/yr over 100 years, of groundwater to supplement GRIC Leased CAP water in 2109.
Supplemental Groundwater – CAP water supplies	244.24			Water supplies include 24,424 acre-feet, or an average of 244.24 affyr over 100 years, of groundwater to supplement CAP water supplies during shortages.
Supplemental storage & recovery	2,017			Water supplies include 201,700 acre- feet, or an average of 2,017 afyr over 100 years, of stored water to be recovered outside AOI to supplement Hohokam CAP water & RWCD CAP
Total CAP	184,706			
West of the Control o				

			C.J.J.,
Total	8,800	nent	Total effluent demands include 8,800 of
Effluent		capacity =308,158 af/yr	direct delivery from Phoenix's
			Wastewater Treatment Plants.
Total 2025	510,257.89		
Supplies	nama applicamo angres		
Total 2025	482,836		
Demand			

* Note: Abbreviations are consistent with those identified in Decision and Order No. 86-002030.0001

^{**} This document is not intended to identify every legal basis for each water source; rather, it is a brief summary of the legal basis that satisfies the assured water supply requirements for legal availability.